## Flood losses during September 1938 1

Atlantic Slope drainage:	
Hudson River	<sup>2</sup> \$5, 220, 000
Upper Susquehanna River	
Neuse River	
Missouri Basin:	•
Small streams in Colorado	679, 735
Fall River in South Dakota	25, 000
Arkansas Basin: North Canadian River	49, 350
West Gulf of Mexico drainage:	•
Small streams in eastern New Mexico	116, 500
Lower Rio Grande	8, 175
Gulf of California drainage:	•
Gila River	905
Verde River	550
Colorado River in Arizona	200

<sup>1</sup> Estimates on damages in Connecticut and Merrimack and upper Mississippi Basins are not available.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes damages also from wind and heavy rain.

Table of flood stages during September 1938 [All dates in September unless otherwise specified]

River and station	Flood		e flood —dates	Crest		
	stage	From—	То	Stage	Date	
ATLANTIC SLOPE DRAINAGE  Pemmigewassett: Plymouth, N. H Contoocook: Penocook, N. H Nashua: East Pepperell, Mass. Merrinack: Franklin, N. H Manchester, N. H Lowell, Mass. Lawrence, Mass. Lawrence, Mass. White: West Hartford, Vt. Connecticut: South Newbury, N. H White River Junction, Vt. Walpole, N. H Montague City, Mass. Holyoke, Mass. Springfield, Mass. Hartford, Conn. Mohawk: Tribes Hill, N. Y. Hudson: Albany, N. Y. Lackawaxen: Hawley, Pa Tioughnioga: Whitney Point, N. Y. Chenango: Sherburne, N. Y. Greene, N. Y.	6 8 14 7 7 555 225 18 30 28 8 9 20 16 12 12	20 20 20 21 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 22 21 21	23 25 24 24 24 22 24 23 25 25 25 24 28 22 22 23 22 24	Feet 23.6 13.5 14.1 28.5 763.0 31.4 127.9 26.6 39.1 44.6 14.9 25.8 35.4 516.5 (1) 13.3 8.4 9.0	21 23 23 22 23 23 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	

Table of flood stages during September 1938-Continued

River and station	Flood		e flood —dates	Crest		
River and station	stage	From-	То	Stage  Feet: 21. 3 16. 7 15. 4 18. 0 15. 3  15. 2 13. 7 14. 3 19. 9 12. 3 18. 1 15. 0 9. 0 12. 3 18. 1 16. 3 16. 3	Date	
ATLANTIC SLOPE DRAINAGE—continued	Feet			Feet.		
Susquehanna: Oneonta, N. Y. Bainbridge, N. Y. Little: Kenly, N. C.	12 12 8	21 21 19	25 24 22	16.7	22 22 21	
Goldsboro, N. C. Kinston, N. C.	14 14	22 25	25 27		24 26	
MISSISSIPPI SYSTEM						
Upper Mississippi Basin						
Chippewa: Durand, WisBlack: Galesville, WisWisconsin;	11 10	11 10	13 15		11 12	
Knowlton, Wis	12	Aug. 31	1 12		1 11	
	12	11	12	13.4	11-12	
Wisconsin Rapids, Wis Wisconsin Dells, Wis Portage, Wis	16 17	13 12	16 18		14 14	
Rock: Moline Bridge, Ill	10	9	Oct. 5	11. 9	{ 18, 20, 22-26	
Des Moines:						
Boone, Iowa	20 14	16 21	20 24		18 23–24	
Tracy, Iowa Ottumwa, Iowa	9	25	25		25	
Mississippi; La Crosse, Wis	12	13	16	12.3	15	
Prairie du Chien, Wis Dubuque, Iowa	18 18	17 17	20 24		18 20	
Clinton, Iowa	16	19	28		22, 23	
Le Claire, Iowa	10	19	28		23	
Davenport, Iowa	15 15	21 19	Oct. 1		24 24	
Keithsburg, Ill.	12	20	30	14.3	25 28	
Keokuk, Iowa Quincy, Ill	12	21 21	(2) (2)		26	
Hannibal, Mo	14 13	21 20			27 27	
Louisiana, Mo	12	21	(2) (2)		28	
Missouri Basin		ļ				
Big Sioux: Akron, Iowa	12	14	19	16. 3	17	
Arkansas Basin						
North Canadian: Woodward, Okla	5	6	7	5, 3	7	
Canton, Okla	6	7	9	9. 1	8	
Yukon, Okla	8	7	16	12. 3	9	
WEST GULF OF MEXICO DRAINAGE		İ	' I	i		
Rio Grande:	٠.	A 00		90.1	Ann of	
Rio Grande City, Tex Hidalgo, Tex	21 21	Aug. 29 Aug. 30	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\3 \end{bmatrix}$	30. 1 24. 7	Aug. 31	
Mercedes, Tex	21	Aug. 31	4	22. 4	3	
Brownsville, Tex	18	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 29 \end{array} \right $	Oct. 3	18. 4 18. 6	Oct. 1	
ļ		, ee	000. 0	10.0	JU. 1	

## WEATHER ON THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC OCEANS

[The Marine Division, I. R. TANNEHILL in charge]

## NORTH ATLANTIC OCEAN, SEPTEMBER 1938

By H. C. HUNTER

Atmospheric pressure.—During most of the month the Azores High was stronger than normal, but it was weak during the period from the 19th to 26th. It is worth noting that this was the time of special intensity of the Icelandic Low; also the time when there occurred nearly all the particularly violent winds that were met over the eastern North Atlantic.

For the month as a whole, the southeastern North Atlantic had pressure averaging moderately above normal. Also in the region to the northeastward, including most of the vicinity of the British Isles, there was a slight excess; while to the northwestward and westward, the Grand Banks-St. Lawrence Gulf region likewise averaged a little

above normal. Deficiencies appeared along the eastern coast of the United States and thence southward to the Bahamas and Puerto Rico, while the Greenland-Iceland area had a considerable deficiency.

The extreme pressure readings of the month found in vessel reports at hand are 30.68 and 27.85 inches. The former reading was reported by radio from an unidentified vessel near 46° north, 22° west, late on the forenoon of the The latter reading was radioed by the British steamship Corrales, in the month's hurricane, near 23° 23' N., 67° 05' W., about 7 p. m. of the 18th. Apart from data for the western Atlantic connected with the hurricane, the lowest reading found is 28.43 inches, near 51° N., 18° W., at a late hour of the 22d, noted by the American steamship Collamer.

Crest not obtained, gage read 8.8 at 8 a. m. of 22d.
 Flood stages continued into October.

Station	Average pressure	Depar- ture	High- est	Date	Low- est	Data
Julianehaab, Greenland Reykjavik, Iceland Lerwick, Shetland Islands Valencia, Ireland Lisbon, Portugal Madeira	29, 99 30, 07 30, 08	Inch -0. 12 07 +. 06 .00 +. 05 +. 06	Inches 30. 02 30. 09 30. 33 30. 39 30. 21 30. 21	14 7 9 9,10 11,12 18 18,19	Inches 29. 08 29. 12 29. 47 29. 21 29. 92 29. 89	23 19 12 22 25 21
Horta, Azores. Belle Isle, Newfoundland	30, 24 29, 95 30, 05 30, 02 30, 00 30, 08 29, 95 29, 94	+.07 +.06 .00 06 06 .00 03 .00 +.02	30. 46 30. 38 30. 32 30. 34 30. 26 30. 24 30. 06 30. 12 30. 19	29 18 18 10 26 19 24 24 24	29. 86 29. 42 29. 70 29. 39 29. 26 29. 74 29. 73 29. 79 29. 81	22 24 24 21 21 13 19 20

Note.—All data based on a. m. observations only, with departures compiled from best available normals related to time of observation, except Hatteras, Key West, Nantucket, and New Orleans, which are 24-hour corrected means.

Extra-tropical cyclones and gales.—The North Atlantic experienced but one storm of importance that originated outside the Tropics. On the forenoon of the 20th there was a large area of comparatively low pressure covering most of the eastern North Atlantic to northward of 40° N., the area extending also far to the northwestward to cover most of the Greenland-Baffin Land region. Within the area, the most important low center at that time was near the south coast of Iceland. Rather strong winds covered a considerable area. Other centers developed of which the most important and the farthest to the south was well defined by the evening of the 21st, near 47° N., 23° W. From this position the center moved toward the north-northeast, and for a time gained in force. By the morning of the 23d it had passed well beyond the most-traveled steamship routes and was central about 300 miles west of northern Ireland. Thereafter it lost force, but was still in existence on the morning of the 24th close to southeastern Iceland.

The 22d was the day when vessels in transatlantic service encountered the gales in greatest numbers, chiefly between 43° and 51° N., and 12° and 27° W. As may be noted in the table of "Ocean gales and storms," two east-bound vessels met force 11 winds.

Tropical hurricane.—But one disturbance of tropical origin was noted over Atlantic waters during the month, but it was of great intensity and importance. A detailed description of this storm appears in this issue of the Review. Here it may be remarked that the center appeared to the northeastward of the Leeward Islands late on the 16th, and at first advanced nearly westward till it was not far from the central Bahamas, then turned northward, passed not far from Hatteras on the 21st, and later crossed Long Island and the western part of New England. The track is shown on chart IX, which gives the synoptic situation on the 20th at Greenwich noon.

Vessel reports that have come by mail include 7 instances that appear in the table of "Ocean gales and storms," where winds of full hurricane force were experienced. Of these, 5 occurred in latitudes 25° to 30° N., and the others to northward of 38° N.

Fog.—On the whole, there was considerably less fog than had been noted during the preceding month. Such a decrease is expected during the fall season.

When the amount of fogginess is compared with the normal September situation, it appears there was a little more than usual over the northernmost areas from which numerous vessel reports come, also from areas near Newfoundland. On the other hand, there was less than normal fog in mid-ocean to southward of 50° latitude, and from near the southern limits of the Grand Banks westward to the vicinity of New England. The chief period of fog occurrence over the western North Atlantic was from the 12th to 23d, inclusive; but from the 8th to 13th was the main period for the eastern portion.

Two adjacent 5° squares reported the greatest number of days with fog, namely 10. These squares are located in 40° to 50° N., 45° to 50° W.

## OCEAN GALES AND STORMS, SEPTEMBER 1938

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Vessel	Voyage		Position at time of lowest barometer		Gale began September	Time of lowest	Gale ended September	Low- est ba-	Direc- tion of wind	Direction and force of wind	Direc- tion of wind	Direction and high-	Shifts of wind
	From-	То	Latitude	Longitude	Gale i Septe	barometer Septem- ber-	Gale e Septe	rom- eter	when gale began	at time of lowest ba- rometer	when gale ended	est force of wind	near time of low- est barometer
NORTH ATLANTIC OCEAN			. ,	۰,	-			Inches					
Shenandoah, Am. S. S American Shipper, Am. S. S.	Port Arthur Belfast	Charleston Boston	24 50 N. 45 00 N.	80 20 W. 56 41 W.	7 9	Mdt, 7 8a, 9	8 9	29. 96 29. 57	SSE	S, 5 8, 6	SE NNW.	SE, 8 WNW, 8	S-SE, SE-S-WSW.
Black Gull, Am. S. S Colytto, Du. S. S Socrates, Du. M. S Robin Goodfellow, Am.	New York Grangemouth Cristobal Trinidad	Rotterdam Montreal Liverpool New York	46 00 N. 56 29 N. 20 38 N. 21 15 N.	40 18 W. 41 07 W. 59 17 W. 66 20 W.	14 17 17 18	2a, 14 9a, 17 10p, 17 4p, 18	14 18 17 19	29. 70 1 29. 53 29. 29 29. 66	W W NNE NNW	SSE, 6 W, 11	l NW	NNW, 9	WNW-WSW. NW-WSW. NNW-SW.
S. S. Pan America, Am. S. S. Gulfhawk, Am. M. S. Jean Lafitte, Am. S. S. Antigua, Am. S. S. Atlantida, Hond. S. S. Phobos, Du. M. S. Agwidale, Am. S. S. India Arrow, Am. S. S. Knoxville City, Am. S. S. San Benito, Pan. S. S. Black Eagle, Am. S. S. Enterprise, U. S. N.	do. Philadelphia Bremen New York do. Falmouth New York Chester New York Battimore Rotterdam On southern drill grounds.	Tampa Santiago do	28 27 N. 225 31 N. 27 47 N. 27 06 N. 27 06 N. 27 39 N. 29 30 N. 30 00 N. 36 14 N. 50 00 N. 36 52 N.	69 20 W. 69 54 W. 72 33 W. 73 54 W. 74 35 W. 73 57 W. 72 35 W. 75 40 W. 74 36 W. 33 00 W. 75 47 W.	18 19 19 19 19 19 20 19 21 21 21	10p, 18 10a, 19 49, 20 4a, 20 7a, 20 10a, 20 2p, 20 6p, 20 11p, 20 10a, 21 10a, 21	19 20 20 20 20 21 21 21 21 22 22 21	29. 69 29. 00 29. 31 28. 24 28. 14 28. 81 29. 64 28. 60 29. 38 29. 39	NEEEEEEEENW	NE, 8 E, 12 ESE, 12 NE, 9 E, 12 SSE, 9 ENE, 12 S, 11 N, 11 W, 6 NW, 9	SE	NE, 8. E, 12. SSE, 12. S, 9. E, 12. S, 10. ENE, 12. S, 11. N, 11. NW, 9. NW, 10.	N-NE. NE-SE. E-SE. NE-S-SE. NE-S-SE. NE-SSW. ESE-SW. ESE-S. E-NW. SE-SW. ENE-N-WNW. WSW-NW. N-W.
Gulfprince, Am. S. S	Portland, Me Kingston New York	Port Arthur New York Newport News	38 37 N. 38 20 N. 38 55 N.	73 54 W. 74 56 W. 72 00 W.	21 21 21	Noon, 21. Noon, 21. 1p, 21	21 21 21	28, 82 28, 70 28, 10	NE	NNE, 9 NW, 9 SE, 12	NW WSW	NW, 9 NW, 9 SE, 12	SE-N-NW. ENE-NW-W. ESE-SSW.
S. S	Boston New York Manchester	Baton Rouge Puerto Barrios. Cobh Galveston	40 28 N.	73 48 W. 69 26 W. 73 50 W. 22 18 W.	21 21 21 21	1p, 21 3p, 21 4p, 21 11p, 21	21 22 21 22	28. 64 29. 44 28. 69 29. 15	NW SSE NE WSW	NW, 12 SE, 10 WNW, 10 WSW, 8	Wsw	NW, 12 SE, 10 W, 11 W, 8	None. SE-SW. NE-NW-SW.

Barometer uncorrected.Position approximate.